

The wind profile in large eddy simulations of the neutral and nearneutral atmospheric boundary layer

The effect of the free atmosphere Brunt Vaisala frequency and the surface heat flux

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Simulations



#	$\boldsymbol{N} = \left(\frac{d\theta}{dz}\frac{g}{\theta}\right)^{0.5} \ [\mathbf{s}^{-1}]$	$\overline{w'\theta'}_{s}$ [k m s ⁻¹]
1	0.006	0
2	0.010	0
3	0.014	0
4	0.018	0
5	0.010	0.001
6	0.010	0.003
7	0.010	0.005



$$U_g = -\frac{1}{\rho f} \frac{dp}{dy} = 10 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$
$$V_g = \frac{1}{\rho f} \frac{dp}{dx} = 0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

Potential temperature and heat flux



Potential temperature and heat flux



Wind profiles





Wind profiles





















The near-neutral ABL





The near-neutral ABL





Profiles of wind speed and heat flux



 $N = 0.01 \, \mathrm{s}^{-1}$



Profiles of temperature and wind speed

 $\overline{w'\theta'}_s = 0$



Profiles of temperature and wind speed



 $\overline{w'\theta'}_s = 0$



Summary

- "Spin-up" time for LES of the neutral/near-neutral ABL ~17 hours
- In neutral conditions a super-geostrophic jet forms after ~8 hours
- Small increments of the surface heat flux decreases the size of the jet and the wind shear throughout the ABL
- Increasing *N* decreases the wind speed in the middle of the ABL
- The maximum wind speed (peak of the jet) is independent of N